Syllabus for Honors Music Theory/AP Music Theory, Fall 2023/Spring 2024

Meets daily during 3rd block (1:10-2:40) and 4th block (2:45-4:15)

Instructor: James DeFiglia

Classroom: Rm. 103

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Required Text:

Kostka, Stefan and Dorothy Payne. *Tonal Harmony*. 5th ed. New York: McGraw-Hill, 2003. Musical examples will also be drawn from the Anthology for Music Analysis (ed. Charles Burkhardt, 5th ed.), and the Anthology of Musical Structure and Style (ed. Mary H. Wennerstrom).

Required Materials:

Kostka-Payne workbook. Staff paper, pencil, spiral notebook. Sight singing, dictation, and analysis materials (in the form of printed music, scores, and audio recordings) will be supplied by the instructor.

Objectives:

The students will master those aspects of music theory which will enable them to be successful in taking the college board examination in this topic area. Emphasis will be given to the areas of harmonization/part writing, aural dictation, and sight-singing skills. Melodic, form, and harmonic analysis assignments as well as creative composition exercises will be assigned throughout the course. Development of listening skills using standard western tonal repertoire.

Attendance:

Regular attendance is required.

Homework:

Reading, and workbook assignments from the text and designed by the instructor. Written assignments. Late homework will be reduced by 10% (one day late) and not accepted for credit two days after the due date.

Grading:

Tests will count 30% of the quarter grade, homework and in-class assignments 30%, quizzes 20%, and projects 20%. Each quarter counts as 40% of the semester grade. The final exam will be cumulative for the semester and count as 20% of the course grade. The final exam will not be exempted under any circumstances. Class participation is encouraged. Misbehavior on the part of students will not be tolerated.

Grading Scale:

A = 90-100

B = 80-89

C = 70-79

D = 60-69

F = 59 and below

I Rhythmic Organization

- A. Meter Signature
 - 1. simple
 - 2. compound
 - 3. duple
 - 4. triple
 - 5. arsis/anacrusis, thesis

II Scale Types

- A. Circle of Fifths
- B. Major
- C. Minor
 - 1. relative
 - 2. parallel
 - 3. natural
 - 4. harmonic
 - 5. melodic
- D. Chromatic
- E. Whole-tone
- F. Pentatonic
- G. Octatonic
- H. Church Modes
 - 1. ionian
 - 2. dorian
 - 3. phrygian
 - 4. lydian
 - 5. mixolydian
 - 6. aeolian
 - 7. locrian

III Intervals

- A. Harmonic, Melodic
- B. Number and quality
- C. Compound
- D. Consonant, Dissonant
- E. Inversions: real and tonal
- F. Enharmonic

${\bf IV} \ {\bf Overtone/harmonic} \ {\bf series}$

V Triads

- A. Major, Minor, Augmented, Diminished
- B. Inversions--

Root position

1st inversion/2nd inversion

VI Melody

- A. Harmonic Structure
- B. Motivic Treatment
 - 1. sequence
 - 2. inversion
 - 3. retrograde
 - 4. retrograde-inversion
 - 5. diminution
 - 6. augmentation
 - 7. imitation, real, tonal, and free
- C. Phrases (cadence types review)
- D. Melodic Periods (Phrase combinations)

VII Rules for Partwriting

IX Figured bass realization (with use of roman numerals to indicate harmonic function)

- A. Realization of figured bass (chords in root position). Tonic and dominant harmonies.
- B. Analysis of harmonies with Roman Numeral analysis. KP workbook (3rd ed.) p. 55 (Bach Chorale), and p. 56 (Vivaldi Cello Sonata).

X Chords of the 6th (first inversion)

- A. Introduction of figured bass that includes root, and first inversion harmonies.
- B. Harmonic Analysis of excerpts (Bach, Handel, Mozart) in KP workbook (3rd ed.) P. 62.
- C. Complete given soprano and bass parts in a four-voice texture according to given Roman Numerals KP workbook (3rd. ed) p. 63.
- D. Pre-dominant harmonic function and usage of ii6 (supertonic) and IV (sub-dominant) chords.

XI Non-Harmonic Tones

- A. Passing Tone
- B. Suspensions (Retardation)
- C. Appoggiatura
- D. Auxiliary (Upper/lower neighbors)
- E. Echappeé, Cambiata (Escape Tones)
- F. Pedal Point
- G. Analysis of non-harmonic tones in the 371 Chorales of J.S. Bach and various Analysis of the examples in the Kostka-Payne text pp. 167-188. Written examples in KP Workbook pp. 85-95 in usage of harmonic tones.

XII 6/4 Chords (second inversion)

- A. Cadential, passing, and pedal/neighboring 6/4 chords
- B. Figured bass realization including root, first inversion, and second inversion chords

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XIII 7th Chords

A. Introduction of seventh chords and their inversions to figured bass realization.

XIV Melodic Harmonization and Bass Line Composition.

- A. Harmonization of chorale style melodies with root position, 1st inversion, and 2nd inversion triads in four voices. Kostka Payne text pp. 111, 115.
- B. Harmonization of melodies with all inversions of triads and 7th chords. Kostka Payne text p. 227, 259, and 286.

***Composition, part-writing, sight singing, and dictation quizzes and tests will be administered throughout the semester on a weekly schedule.

END FIRST SEMESTER

XIV Secondary Dominant chords and techniques of modulation

- A. Common Chord modulation (KP Ch. 18). Analysis of Bach and Schubert pages 298-301 (modulation between closely related keys).
- B. Harmonization of melodies modulating by common chord on p. 302 of KP text.
- C. Analysis of modulating binary forms. (Continuous binary). Analysis of March by J.S. Bach (Burkhardt Anthology p. 71) and Aria by J.S. Bach (Burkhardt Anthology p. 73).
- D. Analysis of Beethoven Op. 2, No. 1 Mvt. III (minuet) on p. 242 of Burkhardt Anthology)

XV Dominant 9th Chord

- A. Complete
- B. Incomplete

XVI Fully and Half-Diminished 7th Chords

- A. Resolution procedures based on inversion and harmonic function as dominant substitute (in major and minor keys)
- B. Resolution of half-diminished 7th chord as supertonic in minor keys

XVII Augmented 6th Chords

- A. Italian
- B. French
- C. German
- D. Analysis of Augmented 6th usages in Mozart, Piano Sonata in Bb Major K. 333 and Beethoven Piano Sonata No. 9, Op. 14 No. 1 in E Major (Burkhardt Anthology p. 269).

XVIII Neapolitan 6th Chord

XIX Fugue (Imitative Counterpoint, Invertible Counterpoint)

- A. Subject/Answer, counter-subject
- B. Expositions--Episodes
- C. Procedure vs. form

XX Atonal Music (Serialism, 12 tone row)

A. Transpositional and inversional matrix construction

XXI Forms--genres

- A. Symphony
- B. Sonata
- C.Concerto
- D. Cantata
- E. Sonata Cycle
 - 1. sonata form
 - 2. binary-ternary
 - 3. theme & variations, continuous variations (ground bass, passacaglia, chaconne)
 - 4. minuet/scherzo & trio
 - 5. rondo
 - 6. sonata rondo

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XXII Selected Vocabulary

Antecedent Octave displacement

AugmentationPeriodBinaryPhraseCadencePostludeCadential ExtensionRetrograde

Concerto Rhythmic transformation

Consequent Rondo

ContourRounded binaryCounter MelodySequence (Lips)DiminutionSequential repetitionExtended versionShortened version

Fragmentation Sonata
Fugue Stanza
Internal expansion Strophic
Inversion or of melody Ternary

Literal repetitionTheme/VariationMelodic fragmentThrough-composedMotiveTransposition

From the Weaver Student Handbook:

Weaver students are expected to demonstrate exceptional character. As a reminder about the importance of integrity, students must agree to abide by our code of honor:

I will abide by the Weaver Honor Code. I will not give or receive unpermitted assistance in the preparation of any work or assessment that is to be used by the instructor as the basis of grading.

I have read the syllabus for the Fall 2023 course in AP Music Theory taught by James DeFiglia and will also abide by the Weaver Honor Code.

Student Signature and date	
Parent/Guardian Cont	act information
Parent/Guardian Name #1	
Phone	
E-mail Address	-
Parent/Guardian Name #2	
Phone	
E-mail Address	-

Emergency Procedures

Tornado Shelter – Mr Freundt's Piano Room (across the hall from the strings room).

Lockdown Location – Mr Freundt's Piano Room (across the hall from the strings room).

Fire Exit – Exit the Strings Room, turn left and walk into the upper lobby then exit through the front entrance of the school (facing Spring St.).